

## TEST CHANGE

### Drug Profile, Screen With Reflex to Quantitation, Serum or Plasma

0092420, DRUG SCRSP

#### Specimen Requirements:

##### Patient Preparation:

Collect: Gray (sodium fluoride/potassium oxalate). Also acceptable: Plain red, green (sodium heparin), lavender (EDTA), or pink (K2EDTA).

Specimen Preparation: Remove plasma from cells ASAP or within 2 hours of collection. Transfer 4 mL plasma to an ARUP standard transport tube. (Min: 3 mL) Also acceptable: Serum.

Transport Temperature: Refrigerated.

Unacceptable Conditions: Specimens exposed to repeated freeze/thaw cycles. Separator tubes. Plasma or whole blood collected in lt. blue (sodium citrate). Hemolyzed specimens.

Remarks: Cocaine and cocaethylene are more stable in fluoride-preserved plasma than serum.

Stability: After separation from cells: Ambient: 1 week; Refrigerated: 2 weeks; Frozen: 3 years

Methodology: Qualitative Enzyme-Linked Immunosorbent Assay (ELISA) / Quantitative Gas Chromatography-Mass Spectrometry (GC-MS) / Quantitative Liquid Chromatography-Tandem Mass Spectrometry

Note: Screen-positive specimens are automatically confirmed by GC/MS and/or LC-MS/MS; additional charges may apply.

CPT Codes: 80307; if reflexed, add 80324; 80354; 80345; 80346; 80348; 80349; 80353; 80358; 80359; 80361; 80365; 83992 (Reflexed Alt Code: G0480)

New York DOH Approval Status: This test is New York DOH approved.

#### Interpretive Data:

Drugs/drug classes reported as "Positive" are automatically reflexed to mass spectrometry confirmation/quantitation. An unconfirmed positive immunoassay screen result may be useful for medical purposes but does not meet forensic standards. The absence of expected drug(s) and/or drug metabolite(s) may indicate noncompliance, inappropriate timing of specimen collection relative to drug administration, poor drug absorption, or limitations of testing. The concentration at which the screening test can detect a drug or metabolite varies within a drug class. Specimens for which drugs or drug classes are detected by the screen are automatically reflexed to a second, more specific technology (GC/MS and/or LC-MS/MS). The concentration value must be greater than or equal to the cutoff to be reported as positive. Interpretive questions should be directed to the laboratory.

For medical purposes only; not valid for forensic use.

#### Reference Interval:

Test Number	Components	Reference Interval
	Amphetamines Screen, S/P	Positive Cutoff: 20 ng/mL
	Barbiturates Screen, S/P	Positive Cutoff: 50 ng/mL
	Benzodiazepines Screen, S/P	Positive Cutoff: 50 ng/mL
	Buprenorphine Screen, S/P	Positive Cutoff: 1 ng/mL
	Carboxy-THC Screen, S/P	Positive Cutoff: 20 ng/mL
	Cocaine Screen, S/P	Positive Cutoff: 20 ng/mL
	Fentanyl Screen, S/P	Positive Cutoff: 1 ng/mL
	Methadone Screen, S/P	Positive Cutoff: 25 ng/mL
	Methamphetamine Screen, S/P	Positive Cutoff: 20 ng/mL
	Opiates Screen, S/P	Positive Cutoff: 20 ng/mL
	Oxycodone/Oxymorphone Screen, S/P	Positive Cutoff: 20 ng/mL
	Phencyclidine Screen, S/P	Positive Cutoff: 10 ng/mL

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**HOTLINE NOTE:** There is a component change associated with this test. One or more components have been added or removed. Refer to the Hotline Test Mix for interface build information.