TEST CHANGE

Rubella Antibody, IgM		
Specimen Requirements:		
Patient Preparation:		
Collect:	Serum <u>separator tube</u> Separator Tube (SST).	
Specimen Preparation:	on:Allow specimen to clot completely at room temperature. Separate from cells ASAP or within 2 hours of collection. Transfer 1 mL serum to an ARUP standard transport tube.Standard Transport Tube. (Min: 0.5 mL) Parallel testing is preferred and convalescent specimens must be received within 30 days from receipt of acute specimens.	
Transport Temperature:	Refrigerated.	
Unacceptable Conditions:	Contaminated, heat-inactivated, <u>icteric, or</u> grossly hemolyzed specimens.	
Remarks:	Label specimens plainly as "acute" or "convalescent."-	
Stability:	After separation from cells: Ambient: 48 hours; Refrigerated: 2 weeks; Frozen: 1 year (Avoid repeated freeze/thaw cycles)	
Methodology:	Semi-Quantitative Chemiluminescent Immunoassay (CLIA)	
Performed:	Sun-Sat	
Reported:	Within 24 hours	
Note:		
CPT Codes:	86762	
New York DOH Approval Status:	This test is New York DOH approved.	

Interpretive Data:

Testing immediately post-exposure is of no value without a later convalescent specimen. While the presence of IgM antibodies suggests current or recent infection, low levels of IgM antibodies may occasionally persist for more than 12 months post-infection or immunization.

The magnitude of the measured result is not indicative of the amount of antibody present. Reference Interval:



19.9 AU/mL or less:	Not Detected.
20.0 - 24.9 AU/mL:	Indeterminate - Repeat testing in 10-14 days may be helpful.
25.0 AU/mL or greater:	Detected - IgM antibody to rubella detected, which may indicate a current or recent infection or immunization.