

Client: Example Client ABC123
123 Test Drive
Salt Lake City, UT 84108
UNITED STATES

Physician: Doctor, Example

Patient: Patient, Example

DOB: Unknown
Gender: Unknown
Patient Identifiers: 01234567890ABCD, 012345
Visit Number (FIN): 01234567890ABCD
Collection Date: 00/00/0000 00:00

Autoimmune Myelopathy Panel, Serum

ARUP test code 3006208

Neuronal Antibody (Amphiphysin)

Negative (Ref Interval: Negative)

INTERPRETIVE INFORMATION: Amphiphysin Antibody, IgG

Amphiphysin antibody is present in about 5 percent of patients with stiff-person syndrome and is found variably in other causes of paraneoplastic neurological syndrome (PNS). Amphiphysin antibody is mainly associated with small-cell lung cancer and breast tumors.

This test was developed and its performance characteristics determined by ARUP Laboratories. It has not been cleared or approved by the US Food and Drug Administration. This test was performed in a CLIA certified laboratory and is intended for clinical purposes.

Purkinje Cell/Neuronal Nuclear IgG Scrn

None Detected (Ref Interval: None Detected)

ANNA-1, ANNA-2, PCCA-1 or PCCA-Tr(DNER) antibodies not detected. No further testing will be performed.

INTERPRETIVE INFORMATION: Purkinje Cell/Neuronal Nuclear IgG Scrn

This test was developed and its performance characteristics determined by ARUP Laboratories. It has not been cleared or approved by the US Food and Drug Administration. This test was performed in a CLIA certified laboratory and is intended for clinical purposes.

Neuromyelitis Optica/AQP4-IgG, Serum

<1:10 (Ref Interval: <1:10)

Aquaporin-4 Receptor Antibody, IgG is not detected. No further testing will be performed.

H=High, L=Low, *=Abnormal, C=Critical

INTERPRETIVE INFORMATION: Neuromyelitis Optica/AQP4-IgG, Serum

Diagnosis of neuromyelitis optica (NMO) requires the presence of longitudinally extensive acute myelitis (lesions extending over 3 or more vertebral segments) and optic neuritis. Approximately 75 percent of patients with NMO express antibodies to the aquaporin-4 (AQP4) receptor. While the absence of AQP4 receptor antibodies does not rule out a diagnosis of NMO, presence of this antibody is diagnostic for NMO.

This test was developed and its performance characteristics determined by ARUP Laboratories. It has not been cleared or approved by the US Food and Drug Administration. This test was performed in a CLIA certified laboratory and is intended for clinical purposes.

CV2.1 Antibody IgG Screen by IFA

<1:10 (Ref Interval: <1:10)

CV2.1 Antibody, IgG is not detected. No further testing will be performed.

INTERPRETIVE INFORMATION: CV2.1 Antibody IgG Screen by IFA

CV2.1 antibodies aid in discriminating between chronic paraneoplastic neurological disorder (PND) and other inflammatory disorders of the nervous system. Anti-CV2.1 is associated with small-cell lung cancer and thymoma.

This test was developed and its performance characteristics determined by ARUP Laboratories. It has not been cleared or approved by the US Food and Drug Administration. This test was performed in a CLIA certified laboratory and is intended for clinical purposes.

GABA-B Receptor Ab IgG Screen, Serum

<1:10 (Ref Interval: <1:10)

GABA-BR Antibody, IgG is not detected. No further testing will be performed.

INTERPRETIVE INFORMATION: GABA Receptor Ab IgG Screen, Serum

Gamma-amino butyric acid receptor, type B (GABA-BR) antibody is found in a subset of patients with autoimmune limbic encephalitis and may occur with or without associated tumor. Decreasing antibody levels may be associated with therapeutic response; therefore, clinical correlation must be strongly considered. A negative test result does not rule out a diagnosis of autoimmune encephalitis.

This indirect fluorescent antibody assay utilizes GABA-BR transfected cell lines for the detection and semi-quantification of GABA-BR IgG antibody.

This test was developed and its performance characteristics determined by ARUP Laboratories. It has not been cleared or approved by the US Food and Drug Administration. This test was performed in a CLIA certified laboratory and is intended for clinical purposes.

MOG Antibody IgG Screen, Serum

<1:10 (Ref Interval: <1:10)

MOG Antibody, IgG is not detected. No further testing will be performed.

H=High, L=Low, *=Abnormal, C=Critical

INTERPRETIVE INFORMATION: MOG Antibody IgG Screen, Serum

Myelin oligodendrocyte glycoprotein (MOG) antibody is found in a subset of patients with neuromyelitis optica spectrum disorders including optic neuritis and transverse myelitis, brainstem encephalitis and acute disseminated encephalomyelitis. Persistence of antibody positivity may be associated with a relapsing course. Decreasing antibody levels may be associated with therapeutic response; therefore, clinical correlation must be strongly considered. A negative test result does not rule out a diagnosis of CNS demyelinating disease or autoimmune encephalitis.

This indirect fluorescent antibody assay utilizes full-length MOG transfected cell lines for the detection and semi-quantification of MOG IgG antibody.

This test was developed and its performance characteristics determined by ARUP Laboratories. It has not been cleared or approved by the US Food and Drug Administration. This test was performed in a CLIA certified laboratory and is intended for clinical purposes.

SOX1 Antibody, IgG by Immunoblot, Serum

Negative (Ref Interval: Negative)

INTERPRETIVE INFORMATION: SOX1 Antibody, IgG by Immunoblot, Serum

SOX1 antibody is detected in patients with Lambert-Eaton myasthenic syndrome (LEMS) and in patients with paraneoplastic cerebellar degeneration (PCD), paraneoplastic and nonparaneoplastic neuropathy. SOX1 antibody is associated with small cell lung cancer. A negative test result does not rule out a diagnosis of LEMS or other causes of paraneoplastic neurological syndrome.

This test was developed and its performance characteristics determined by ARUP Laboratories. It has not been cleared or approved by the U.S. Food and Drug Administration. This test was performed in a CLIA-certified laboratory and is intended for clinical purposes.

DPPX Ab IgG CBA IFA Screen, Serum

<1:10 (Ref Interval: <1:10)

DPPX Antibody, IgG is not detected. No further testing will be performed.

INTERPRETIVE INFORMATION: DPPX Ab IgG CBA IFA Screen, Serum

Anti-DPPX IgG antibody is found in a subset of patients with autoimmune encephalitis and may occur with or without associated tumor. Decreasing antibody levels may be associated with therapeutic response; therefore, clinical correlation must be strongly considered. A negative test result does not rule out a diagnosis of autoimmune limbic encephalitis.

This indirect fluorescent antibody cell-based assay (CBA) utilizes dipeptidyl aminopeptidase-like protein 6 (DPPX) transfected cells for the detection of the DPPX IgG antibody.

This test was developed and its performance characteristics determined by ARUP Laboratories. It has not been cleared or approved by the US Food and Drug Administration. This test was performed in a CLIA certified laboratory and is intended for clinical purposes.

mGluR1 Ab IgG CBA-IFA Screen, Serum

<1:10 (Ref Interval: <1:10)

H=High, L=Low, *=Abnormal, C=Critical

mGluR1 Antibody, IgG is not detected. No further testing will be performed.

INTERPRETIVE INFORMATION: mGluR1 Ab IgG CBA-IFA Screen, Serum

Metabotropic glutamate receptor 1 (mGluR1) antibody is found in a subset of patients with autoimmune cerebellar ataxia or autoimmune encephalitis and may occur with or without associated tumor. A negative test result does not rule out a diagnosis of autoimmune cerebellar ataxia or limbic encephalitis. Interpretation of any antineural antibody test requires clinical correlation.

This indirect fluorescent antibody assay utilizes mGluR1 transfected cell lines for detection and semi-quantification of mGluR1 IgG antibody.

This test was developed and its performance characteristics determined by ARUP Laboratories. It has not been cleared or approved by the U.S. Food and Drug Administration. This test was performed in a CLIA-certified laboratory and is intended for clinical purposes.

Glutamic Acid Decarboxylase Antibody

<5.0 IU/mL (Ref Interval: 0.0-5.0)

INTERPRETIVE INFORMATION: Glutamic Acid Decarboxylase Antibody

A value greater than 5.0 IU/mL is considered positive for Glutamic Acid Decarboxylase Antibody (GAD Ab). This assay is intended for the semi-quantitative determination of the GAD Ab in human serum. Results should be interpreted within the context of clinical symptoms.

H=High, L=Low, *=Abnormal, C=Critical

VERIFIED/REPORTED DATES

Procedure	Accession	Collected	Received	Verified/Reported
Neuronal Antibody (Amphiphysin)	23-135-109180	00/00/0000 00:00	00/00/0000 00:00	00/00/0000 00:00
Purkinje Cell/Neuronal Nuclear IgG Scrn	23-135-109180	00/00/0000 00:00	00/00/0000 00:00	00/00/0000 00:00
Neuromyelitis Optica/AQP4-IgG, Serum	23-135-109180	00/00/0000 00:00	00/00/0000 00:00	00/00/0000 00:00
CV2.1 Antibody IgG Screen by IFA	23-135-109180	00/00/0000 00:00	00/00/0000 00:00	00/00/0000 00:00
GABA-B Receptor Ab IgG Screen, Serum	23-135-109180	00/00/0000 00:00	00/00/0000 00:00	00/00/0000 00:00
MOG Antibody IgG Screen, Serum	23-135-109180	00/00/0000 00:00	00/00/0000 00:00	00/00/0000 00:00
SOX1 Antibody, IgG by Immunoblot, Serum	23-135-109180	00/00/0000 00:00	00/00/0000 00:00	00/00/0000 00:00
DPPX Ab IgG CBA IFA Screen, Serum	23-135-109180	00/00/0000 00:00	00/00/0000 00:00	00/00/0000 00:00
mGluR1 Ab IgG CBA-IFA Screen, Serum	23-135-109180	00/00/0000 00:00	00/00/0000 00:00	00/00/0000 00:00
Glutamic Acid Decarboxylase Antibody	23-135-109180	00/00/0000 00:00	00/00/0000 00:00	00/00/0000 00:00

END OF CHART

H=High, L=Low, *=Abnormal, C=Critical

Unless otherwise indicated, testing performed at:

ARUP LABORATORIES | 800-522-2787 | aruplab.com
500 Chipeta Way, Salt Lake City, UT 84108-1221
Jonathan R. Genzen, MD, PhD, Laboratory Director

Patient: Patient, Example
ARUP Accession: 23-135-109180
Patient Identifiers: 01234567890ABCD, 012345
Visit Number (FIN): 01234567890ABCD
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