

Client: ARUP Example Report Only 500 Chipeta Way Salt Lake City, UT 84108 UNITED STATES

Physician: TEST,

Patient: THYCAN, NEG

DOB

Sex: Male
Patient Identifiers: 46548
Visit Number (FIN): 46877

**Collection Date:** 2/21/2023 07:49

## Hereditary Thyroid Cancer Panel, Sequencing and Deletion/Duplication

ARUP test code 3005944

**THYCAN Specimen** 

Whole Blood

THYCAN Interp

Negative

No pathogenic variants were detected in any of the genes tested.

INTERPRETATION

No pathogenic variants were detected in any of the genes tested. This result decreases the likelihood of, but does not exclude, a hereditary cause of thyroid cancer or other cancer. Please refer to the background information included in this report for a list of the genes analyzed, methodology, and limitations of this test.

**RECOMMENDATIONS** 

Medical screening and management should rely on clinical findings and family history. If this individual has a family history, determination of a causative familial variant in an affected family member is necessary for optimal interpretation of this negative result. Further testing may be warranted if there is a familial variant that is not detectable by this assay. Genetic consultation is recommended.

COMMENTS

Likely benign and benign variants are not reported. Variants in the following region(s) may not be detected by NGS with sufficient confidence in this sample due to technical limitations; reportable variants are confirmed by Sanger sequencing:
NONE

BACKGROUND INFORMATION: Hereditary Thyroid Cancer Panel, Sequencing and Deletion/Duplication CHARACTERISTICS: Pathogenic germline variants in multiple genes have been implicated in hereditary thyroid cancer. Hereditary thyroid cancer syndromes are often characterized by early age of onset (typically before 50 years of age), the presence of any number of related thyroid cancers (pheochromocytoma, medullary thyroid carcinoma, C-cell hyperplasia, etc.), and/or similar cancers in a closely related family member(s).

EPIDEMIOLOGY: Approximately 5 percent of thyroid cancers are associated with a hereditary cause.

CAUSE: Pathogenic germline variants in genes associated with hereditary thyroid cancer

INHERITANCE: Autosomal dominant

GENES TESTED: APC\*; DICER1; MEN1\*; PRKAR1A; PTEN\*; RET; TP53

H=High, L=Low, \*=Abnormal, C=Critical



\*One or more exons are not covered by sequencing and/or deletion/duplication analysis for the indicated gene; see limitations section below.

METHODOLOGY: Probe hybridization-based capture of all coding exons and exon-intron junctions of the targeted genes, (including selected PTEN promoter variants), followed by massively parallel sequencing. Sanger sequencing was performed as necessary to fill in regions of low coverage and to confirm reported variants that do not meet acceptable quality metrics. A proprietary bioinformatic algorithm was used to detect large (single exon-level or larger) deletions or duplications in the indicated genes. Large deletions/duplications confirmed using an orthogonal exon-level microarray. Human genome build 19 (Hg 19) was used for data analysis. Testing of selected exons (and exon/intron boundaries) of PTEN was performed by bidirectional Sanger sequencing.

ANALYTICAL SENSITIVITY/SPECIFICITY: The analytical sensitivity is approximately 99 percent for single nucleotide variants (SNVs) and greater than 93 percent for insertions/duplications/deletions (indels) from 1-10 base pairs in size. Indels greater than 10 base pairs may be detected, but the analytical sensitivity may be reduced. Deletions of 2 exons or larger are detected with sensitivity greater than 97 percent; single exon deletions are detected with 62 percent sensitivity. Duplications of 3 exons or larger are detected at greater than 83 percent sensitivity. Specificity is greater than 99.9 percent for all variant classes.

LIMITATIONS: A negative result does not exclude a heritable form of thyroid cancer or other cancer. This test only detects variants within the coding regions and intron-exon boundaries of the targeted genes. Deletions/duplications/insertions of any size may not be detected by massively parallel sequencing. Regulatory region variants and deep intronic variants will not be identified. Precise breakpoints for large deletions or duplications are not determined in this assay and single exon deletions/duplications may not be detected based on the breakpoints of the rearrangement. The actual breakpoints for the deletion or duplication may extend beyond or be within the exon(s) reported. This test is not intended to detect duplications of 2 or fewer exons in size, though these may be identified. Single exon deletions are reported but called at a lower sensitivity. Diagnostic errors can occur due to rare sequence variations. In some cases, variants may not be identified due to technical limitations caused by the presence of pseudogenes, repetitive, or homologous regions. This test is not intended to detect low-level mosaic or somatic variants, gene conversion events, complex inversions, translocations, mitochondrial DNA (mtDNA) variants, or repeat expansions. Interpretation of this test result may be impacted if this patient has had an allogeneic stem cell transplantation. Noncoding transcripts were not analyzed.

The following regions are not sequenced due to technical limitations of the assay: APC (NM\_001354896) exon 12 APC (NM\_001354898, NM\_001354904) exon 2 APC (NM\_001354900) exon 11 MEN1 (NM\_001370251) exon 8

Deletions/duplications will not be called for the following exons:
APC (NM\_001354896) 12; APC (NM\_001354898, NM\_001354904) 2; APC (NM\_001354900) 11; MEN1 (NM\_001370251) 8; PTEN (NM\_000314, NM\_001304718) 9; PTEN (NM\_001304717) 1,10

This test was developed and its performance characteristics

H=High, L=Low, \*=Abnormal, C=Critical



determined by ARUP Laboratories. It has not been cleared or approved by the U.S. Food and Drug Administration. This test was performed in a CLIA-certified laboratory and is intended for clinical purposes.

Counseling and informed consent are recommended for genetic testing. Consent forms are available online.

VERIFIED/REPORTED DATES				
Procedure	Accession	Collected	Received	Verified/Reported
THYCAN Specimen	23-052-100858	2/21/2023 7:49:00 AM	2/21/2023 7:49:35 AM	2/21/2023 7:52:00 AM
THYCAN Interp	23-052-100858	2/21/2023 7:49:00 AM	2/21/2023 7:49:35 AM	2/21/2023 7:52:00 AM

**END OF CHART** 

H=High, L=Low, \*=Abnormal, C=Critical

Patient: THYCAN, NEG ARUP Accession: 23-052-100858 Patient Identifiers: 46548

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