

Client: Example Client ABC123 123 Test Drive Salt Lake City, UT 84108 UNITED STATES

Physician: Doctor, Example

## Patient: Patient, Example

DOB	Unknown
Gender:	Unknown
Patient Identifiers:	01234567890ABCD, 012345
Visit Number (FIN):	01234567890ABCD
<b>Collection Date:</b>	00/00/0000 00:00

# Heterotaxy & Situs Inversus Panel, Sequencing

ARUP test code 3002682		
Heterotaxy and Situs Inversus Specimen	Whole Blood	
Heterotaxy and Situs Inversus Interp	Positive	

H=High, L=Low, \*=Abnormal, C=Critical

Unless otherwise indicated, testing performed at:

ARUP LABORATORIES | 800-522-2787 | aruptab.com 500 Chipeta Way, Salt Lake City, UT 84108-1221 Jonathan R. Genzen, MD, PhD, Laboratory Director



RESULT One likely pathogenic variant was detected in the NODAL gene.

LIKELY PATHOGENIC VARIANT Gene: NODAL (NM\_018055.4) Nucleic Acid Change: c.194-1G>T; Heterozygous Inheritance: Autosomal dominant

#### INTERPRETATION

One likely pathogenic variant, c.194-1G>T, was detected in the NODAL gene by massively parallel sequencing. Pathogenic variants in NODAL are associated with autosomal dominant visceral heterotaxy 5 (MIM: 270100). This result is consistent with a diagnosis of heterotaxy. This individual's offspring have a 50 percent chance of inheriting the likely pathogenic variant.

Please refer to the background information included in this report for a list of the genes analyzed, methodology, and limitations of this test.

Evidence for variant classification: The NODAL c.194-1G>T variant (reported as c.892-1G>T, Li 2019) is reported in the literature in individuals affected with laterality defects and/or cardiovascular malformations (Li 2019, Mohapatra 2009). This variant is reported in Clinvar (Variation ID: 545544), and is absent from the Genome Aggregation Database, indicating it is not a common polymorphism. This variant disrupts the canonical splice acceptor site of intron 1, which is likely to negatively impact gene function. Based on available information, this variant is considered to be likely pathogenic. Evidence for variant classification:

### RECOMMENDATIONS

Genetic consultation is indicated, including a discussion of medical screening and management. At-risk family members should be offered testing for the identified likely pathogenic NODAL variant (Familial Targeted Sequencing, ARUP test code 3005867).

Unless otherwise specified, confirmation by Sanger sequencing was not performed for variants with acceptable quality metrics. Variants in the following region(s) may not be detected by NGS with sufficient confidence in this sample due to technical limitations: NONE

REFERENCES Li AH et al. Genetic architecture of laterality defects revealed by whole exome sequencing. Eur J Hum Genet. 2019;27(4):563-573.

Mohapatra B et al. Identification and functional characterization of NODAL rare variants in heterotaxy and isolated cardiovascular malformations. Hum Mol Genet. 2009;18(5):861-871.

This result has been reviewed and approved by

BACKGROUND INFORMATION: Heterotaxy and Situs Inversus Panel, Sequencing CHARACTERISTICS: Laterality defects such as heterotaxy and situs inversus are developmental defects characterized by the abnormal placement of the abdominal (visceral) organs. EPIDEMIOLOGY: Heterotaxy syndrome affects approximately 1 in 10,000 individuals. This condition is causative of about 3 co, ooo individuals. This condition is causative of about 3 percent of congenital heart defects cases. CAUSE: Pathogenic germline variants in genes associated with left-right symmetry in early embryo development. INHERITANCE: Varies PENETRANCE: Varies; some associated genes exhibit reduced penetrance.

GENES TESTED: ANKS6\*, ARL2BP, ARMC4\*, CCDC103\*, CCDC114\*,

H=High, L=Low, \*=Abnormal, C=Critical

ass otherwise indicated testing performed at

ARUP LABORATORIES | 800-522-2787 | aruplab.com 500 Chipeta Way, Salt Lake City, UT 84108-1221 Jonathan R. Genzen, MD, PhD, Laboratory Director

Patient: Patient, Example ARUP Accession: 22-301-105115 Patient Identifiers: 01234567890ABCD, 012345 Visit Number (FIN): 01234567890ABCD Page 2 of 4 | Printed: 11/18/2022 8:27:57 AM 4848



CCDC151, CCDC39, CCDC40\*, CFAP298\*, CFAP53, CRELD1, DNAAF1, DNAAF2, DNAAF3, DNAAF4, DNAAF5\*, DNAH1, DNAH1, DNAH5, DNAI1, DNA12\*, DNAL1, FOXH1, GATA4, GATA6\*, INVS, LRRC6, MMP21, NKX2-5, NME8, NODAL, PIH1D3, PKD1L1\*, SPAG1\*, ZIC3, ZMYND10 \*One or more exons are not covered by sequencing for the indicated gene; see limitations section below. indicated gene; see limitations section below. METHODOLOGY: Capture of all coding exons and exon-intron junctions of the targeted genes, followed by massively parallel sequencing. Sanger sequencing was performed as necessary to fill in regions of low coverage and confirm reported variants. ANALYTICAL SENSITIVITY/SPECIFICITY: The analytical sensitivity of this test is approximately 99 percent for single nucleotide variants (SNVs) and greater than 93 percent for insertions/duplications/deletions from 1-10 base pairs in size. Variants greater than 10 base pairs may be detected, but the analytical sensitivity may be reduced. LIMITATIONS: A negative result does not exclude a heritable LIMITATIONS: A negative result does not exclude a heritable laterality defect. This test only detects variants within the coding regions and intron-exon boundaries of the targeted genes. Regulatory regions and intron-exon boundaries of the targeted genes. Regulatory region variants and deep intronic variants will not be identified. Deletions/duplications/insertions of any size may not be detected by massively parallel sequencing. Diagnostic errors can occur due to rare sequence variations. In some cases, variants may not be identified due to technical limitations in the presence of pseudogenes, repetitive, or homologous regions. This assay may not detect low-level mosaic or somatic variants associated with disease. Interpretation of this test result may be impacted if this patient has had an allogeneic stem cell transplantation. Noncoding transcripts were not analyzed. The following regions are not sequenced due to technical limitations of the assay: ANKS6(NM\_173551) exon(s) 1 ARMC4(NM\_001290020) exon(s) 9 ARMC4(NM\_001290021) exon(s) 13 ARMC4(MM\_001312689) exon(s) 4 ARMC4(NM\_001312689) exon(s) 4 CCDC103(MM\_001258397) exon(s) 4 CCDC114(NM\_001364171) exon(s) 3 CCDC114(NM\_001364171) partial exon(s) 4(Chr19:48822049-48822069) CCDC40(NM\_001360335) partial exon(s) 5(Chr21:33975399-33975450) CFAP298(NM\_001350337) partial exon(s) 6(Chr21:33974534-33974561) DNAAFS(NM\_017802) exon(s) 1 DNA12(NM\_001353167) exon(s) 13 GATA6(NM\_005257) partial exon(s) 2(Chr18:19751812-19751963) PKDLL1(NM\_138295) partial exon(s) 1(Chr8:101225456-101225529) SPAG1(NM\_003114) partial exon(s) 11(Chr8:101225456-101225529) SPAG1(NM\_172218) partial exon(s) 11(Chr8:101225456-101225529) ARMC4(NM\_001312689) exon(s) 4

This test was developed and its performance characteristics determined by ARUP Laboratories. It has not been cleared or approved by the US Food and Drug Administration. This test was performed in a CLIA certified laboratory and is intended for clinical purposes.

Counseling and informed consent are recommended for genetic testing. Consent forms are available online.

H=High, L=Low, \*=Abnormal, C=Critical

ess otherwise indicated testing perform

ARUP LABORATORIES | 800-522-2787 | aruplab.com 500 Chipeta Way, Salt Lake City, UT 84108-1221 Jonathan R. Genzen, MD, PhD, Laboratory Director

Patient: Patient, Example ARUP Accession: 22-301-105115 Patient Identifiers: 01234567890ABCD, 012345 Visit Number (FIN): 01234567890ABCD Page 3 of 4 | Printed: 11/18/2022 8:27:57 AM 4848



VERIFIED/REPORTED DATES					
Procedure	Accession	Collected	Received	Verified/Reported	
Heterotaxy and Situs Inversus Specimen	22-301-105115	00/00/0000 00:00	00/00/0000 00:00	00/00/0000 00:00	
Heterotaxy and Situs Inversus Interp	22-301-105115	00/00/0000 00:00	00/00/0000 00:00	00/00/0000 00:00	

## END OF CHART

H=High, L=Low, \*=Abnormal, C=Critical

Unless otherwise indicated, testing performed at:

ARUP LABORATORIES | 800-522-2787 | aruplab.com 500 Chipeta Way, Salt Lake City, UT 84108-1221 Jonathan R. Genzen, MD, PhD, Laboratory Director Patient: Patient, Example ARUP Accession: 22-301-105115 Patient Identifiers: 01234567890ABCD, 012345 Visit Number (FIN): 01234567890ABCD Page 4 of 4 | Printed: 11/18/2022 8:27:57 AM 4848