

Client: Example Client ABC123
123 Test Drive
Salt Lake City, UT 84108
UNITED STATES

Physician: Doctor, Example

Patient: Patient, Example

DOB: 12/31/1752
Sex: Female
Patient Identifiers: 01234567890ABCD, 012345
Visit Number (FIN): 01234567890ABCD
Collection Date: 01/01/2017 12:34

Lynch Syndrome Panel, Sequencing and Deletion/Duplication

ARUP test code 3001605

LS Specimen	whole Blood
LS Interp	<p>Negative</p> <p>RESULT No pathogenic variants were detected in any of the genes tested.</p> <p>INTERPRETATION No pathogenic variants were identified by massively parallel sequencing of the coding regions and exon-intron boundaries of the genes tested. No large exonic deletions and duplications were identified by multiplex ligation-dependent probe amplification (MLPA) in the genes tested. No sequence variants were detected in PMS2 by Sanger sequencing. This result decreases the likelihood of, but does not exclude, a diagnosis of Lynch syndrome/hereditary nonpolyposis colon cancer (HNPCC). Please refer to the background information included in this report for a list of the genes analyzed and limitations of this test.</p> <p>RECOMMENDATIONS Medical screening and management of this individual should rely on clinical findings and family history. Genetic consultation is recommended.</p> <p>COMMENTS Likely benign and benign variants are not reported.</p> <p>BACKGROUND INFORMATION: Lynch Syndrome Panel, Sequencing and Deletion/Duplication</p> <p>CHARACTERISTICS: Lynch syndrome (LS), also known as hereditary nonpolyposis colorectal cancer (HNPCC), is a hereditary cancer syndrome that predisposes individuals to colorectal, endometrial, ovarian, stomach, small bowel, and other cancers. LS is the most common hereditary colorectal cancer (CRC) syndrome.</p> <p>EPIDEMIOLOGY: LS affects approximately 1 in 279 individuals in the general population. Approximately 2-4 percent of CRC cases are associated with LS.</p> <p>CAUSE: LS results from heterozygous germline pathogenic variants in the DNA mismatch repair (MMR) genes: MLH1, MSH2, MSH6, and PMS2. In addition, exon 9 deletions of the EPCAM gene lead to MSH2 inactivation, and thus results in LS.</p> <p>INHERITANCE: Autosomal dominant.</p>

H=High, L=Low, *=Abnormal, C=Critical

Unless otherwise indicated, testing performed at:

ARUP LABORATORIES | 800-522-2787 | aruplab.com
500 Chipeta Way, Salt Lake City, UT 84108-1221
Jonathan R. Genzen, MD, PhD, Laboratory Director

Patient: Patient, Example
ARUP Accession: 22-136-101121
Patient Identifiers: 01234567890ABCD, 012345
Visit Number (FIN): 01234567890ABCD
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PENETRANCE: Varies, depending on the gene.

CLINICAL SENSITIVITY: Varies, depending on the gene.

GENES TESTED: MLH1, MSH2, MSH6, PMS2, EPCAM*
*Deletion/duplication of exon 9 only; sequencing is not available for this gene.

METHODOLOGY: Probe hybridization-based capture of all coding exons and exon-intron junctions of MLH1, MSH2, and MSH6 genes, followed by massively parallel sequencing. Sanger sequencing was performed as necessary to fill in regions of low coverage and to confirm reported variants that do not meet acceptable quality metrics. Human genome build 19 (Hg 19) was used for data analysis. Multiplex ligation-dependent probe amplification (MLPA) of the targeted genes, including the MSH2 10Mb inversion of exons 1-7. Analysis of the PMS2 gene was performed by bidirectional Sanger sequencing of coding regions and the respective exon-intron boundaries as well as MLPA.

ANALYTICAL SENSITIVITY/SPECIFICITY: The analytical sensitivity is approximately 99 percent for single nucleotide variants (SNVs) and greater than 93 percent for insertions/duplications/deletions (indels) from 1-10 base pairs in size. Indels greater than 10 base pairs may be detected, but the analytical sensitivity may be reduced. Specificity is greater than 99.9 percent for all variant classes. The analytical sensitivity for MLPA is greater than 99 percent.

LIMITATIONS: A negative result does not exclude a diagnosis of LS. This test only detects variants within the coding regions and intron-exon boundaries of the targeted genes. Deletions/duplications/insertions of any size may not be detected by massively parallel sequencing. Regulatory region variants and deep intronic variants will not be identified. Precise breakpoints for large deletions or duplications are not determined in this assay and single exon deletions/duplications may not be detected based on the breakpoints of the rearrangement. The actual breakpoints for the deletion or duplication may extend beyond or be within the exon(s) reported. Diagnostic errors can occur due to rare sequence variations. In some cases, variants may not be identified due to technical limitations caused by the presence of pseudogenes, repetitive, or homologous regions. This test is not intended to detect low-level mosaic or somatic variants, gene conversion events, complex inversions, translocations, mitochondrial DNA (mtDNA) variants, or repeat expansions. Interpretation of this test result may be impacted if this patient has had an allogeneic stem cell transplantation. Noncoding transcripts were not analyzed.

Single exon deletions/duplications may not be called for the following exons:
MLH1 (NM_000249) 12

This test was developed and its performance characteristics determined by ARUP Laboratories. It has not been cleared or approved by the U.S. Food and Drug Administration. This test was performed in a CLIA-certified laboratory and is intended for clinical purposes.

Counseling and informed consent are recommended for genetic testing. Consent forms are available online.

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VERIFIED/REPORTED DATES

Procedure	Accession	Collected	Received	Verified/Reported
LS Specimen	22-136-101121	5/16/2022 8:35:00 AM	5/16/2022 8:36:09 AM	5/16/2022 8:50:00 AM
LS Interp	22-136-101121	5/16/2022 8:35:00 AM	5/16/2022 8:36:09 AM	5/16/2022 8:50:00 AM

END OF CHART

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