



Client: Example Client ABC123 123 Test Drive Salt Lake City, UT 84108 UNITED STATES

Physician: Doctor, Example

Patient: Patient, Example

DOB 6/28/1966
Gender: Female

Patient Identifiers: 01234567890ABCD, 012345

Visit Number (FIN): 01234567890ABCD **Collection Date:** 00/00/0000 00:00

Apolipoprotein E (APOE) Genotyping, Cardiovascular Risk

ARUP test code 2013337

APOE Specimen

Whole Blood

APOE Cardiovascular Risk, Genotype

e3/e4

*

<code>HETEROZYGOUS</code> APO e3/e4: Although this genotype is not associated with an increased risk for type III hyperlipoproteinemia, it may have some association with increased plasma cholesterol levels.

This result has been reviewed and approved by

H=High, L=Low, *=Abnormal, C=Critical

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BACKGROUND INFORMATION: Apolipoprotein E (APOE) Genotyping, Cardiovascular Risk

Characteristics: Hyperlipoproteinemia III (HPL III) is characterized by increased cholesterol and triglyceride levels, presence of B-VLDL, xanthomas, and premature vascular disease including coronary heart disease (CHD) and peripheral artery disease.

Incidence of HPL III: Approximately 1 in 5,000.

Inheritance of HPL III: Multifactorial; greater than 90 percent of affected individuals are homozygous for the e2 allele but other factors such as diabetes and hypothyroidism also play a

large role in development of disease.
Penetrance: 1 to 5 percent of individuals homozygous for the e2 will develop HPL III.

will develop HPL III.

Cause: 2 copies of the e2 allele provides supporting evidence for a diagnosis of HPL III in a symptomatic individual but e2 homozygosity is neither necessary nor sufficient for HPL III. Variants Tested: APOE gene alleles, e2 (c.388T, p.130cys and c.526C>T, p.Arg176Cys), e3 (c.388T, p.130cys and c.526C, p.176Arg), e4 (c.388T>C, p.Cys130Arg and c.526C, p.176Arg). Clinical Sensitivity: 90 percent of individuals with HPL III are homozygous for the e2 variant.

Methodology: Polymerase chain reaction (PCR) and fluorescence monitoring using hybridization probes.

Analytical Sensitivity and Specificity: 99 percent.

Limitations: Only the e2, e3 and e4 variants will be detected. Rare isoforms of APOE will not be detected. If rare alleles are suspected, phenotyping by isoelectric focusing may be indicated.

suspected, phenotyping by isoelectric focusing may be indicated. Diagnostic errors can occur due to rare sequence variations.

This test was developed and its performance characteristics determined by ARUP Laboratories. It has not been cleared or approved by the US Food and Drug Administration. This test was performed in a CLIA certified laboratory and is intended for clinical purposes.

Counseling and informed consent are recommended for genetic testing. Consent forms are available online.

VERIFIED/REPORTED DATES				
Procedure	Accession	Collected	Received	Verified/Reported
APOE Specimen	22-110-102540	00/00/0000 00:00	00/00/0000 00:00	00/00/0000 00:00
APOE Cardiovascular Risk, Genotype	22-110-102540	00/00/0000 00:00	00/00/0000 00:00	00/00/0000 00:00

END OF CHART

H=High, L=Low, *=Abnormal, C=Critical

Patient: Patient, Example ARUP Accession: 22-110-102540 Patient Identifiers: 01234567890ABCD, 012345 Visit Number (FIN): 01234567890ABCD Page 2 of 2 | Printed: 1/4/2023 1:19:56 PM

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