

Client: Example Client ABC123
123 Test Drive
Salt Lake City, UT 84108
UNITED STATES

Physician: Doctor, Example

Patient: Patient, Example

DOB: 11/3/1988
Sex: Female
Patient Identifiers: 01234567890ABCD, 012345
Visit Number (FIN): 01234567890ABCD
Collection Date: 01/01/2017 12:34

HLA-B*15:02 Genotyping, Carbamazepine Hypersensitivity

ARUP test code 2012049

HLA-B*15:02

Negative

Result: Negative for HLA-B*15:02 allele

Interpretation: The HLA-B*15:02 allele associated with carbamazepine (CBZ) hypersensitivity was not detected. This patient is not at risk for CBZ-induced Stevens-Johnson syndrome (SJS) or toxic epidermal necrolysis (TEN) if this individual is of Asian ancestry. This negative result does not replace the need for therapeutic drug or other clinical monitoring. The absence of this risk allele does not exclude the development of other types of CBZ hypersensitivity, such as maculopapular exanthema or CBZ hypersensitivity syndrome. Other genetic, or non-genetic factors that may affect hypersensitivity to CBZ are not identified. CBZ therapy should be discontinued in all individuals if symptoms of SJS or TEN develop, regardless of HLA-B*15:02 status.

Performed By:

BACKGROUND INFORMATION: HLA-B*1502 Genotype, Carbamazepine Hypersensitivity

CHARACTERISTICS: Carbamazepine (CBZ) is an aromatic antiepileptic drug, approved for the treatment of epilepsy and trigeminal neuralgia. Rarely, CBZ can induce severe life threatening reactions such as Stevens-Johnson syndrome (SJS) or toxic epidermal necrolysis (TEN). Symptoms usually appear within the first months of treatment, and include skin rash, hives, sores in the mouth, blistering or peeling of the skin, and erosion of the mucous membranes in the respiratory and gastrointestinal tract. The presence of HLA-B*15:02 increases risk for CBZ-induced SJS/TEN in individuals of Asian ancestry. The incidence of CBZ-induced life-threatening reactions such as SJS, TEN, or hypersensitivity syndrome (HSS) is 1-10 per 10,000, which can be higher in some Asian countries.

INCIDENCE: HLA-B*15:02 allele frequency varies by ethnicity, with highest incidence in Asians: 10.2 percent in Han Chinese, 10 percent in Taiwanese (18 percent in indigenous Puyuma), greater than 5 percent in the populations of Hong Kong, Thailand, Malaysia, Vietnam, Philippines, India (Khandesh and West Bhil) and Indonesia. Frequency is low in African Americans (0.1-1 percent) and less than 0.1 percent in Caucasians.

CAUSE: In patient of Asian descent, CBZ-induced SJS/TEN is strongly associated with the presence of HLA-B*15:02 allele. The mechanism is immune mediated and involves drug-induced changes in peptide presentation by HLA-B*15:02, which allows for the activation of self-reactive T lymphocytes. Activated immune

H=High, L=Low, *=Abnormal, C=Critical

Unless otherwise indicated, testing performed at:

cells contribute to the cellular death of keratinocytes in the skin, which causes the epidermal destruction and detachment of the skin seen in SJS/TEN.
 ALLELES TESTED: HLA-B*15:02 allele. Other members of the HLA B75 serogroup detected by this assay can also be associated with carbamazepine-induced SJS/TEN, including HLA B*15:08, 15:11, 15:21, and possibly 15:31 and 15:32.
 CLINICAL SENSITIVITY AND SPECIFICITY: 80-97 percent and 99 percent, respectively in populations where the HLA-B*15:02 allele is common.
 METHODOLOGY: PCR followed by Sequence Specific oligonucleotide Probe Hybridization of HLA-B locus.
 ANALYTICAL SENSITIVITY AND SPECIFICITY: Greater than 99 percent.
 Limitations: Copy number of HLA-B*15:02 allele will not be reported.

Test systems were developed and their performance characteristics determined by the H&I laboratory at the University of Utah Health, under the accreditation guidelines from the American Society for Histocompatibility and Immunogenetics (ASHI).

VERIFIED/REPORTED DATES

Procedure	Accession	Collected	Received	Verified/Reported
HLA-B*15:02	22-116-150746	4/26/2022 9:09:00 AM	4/28/2022 3:23:56 PM	5/2/2022 9:44:00 AM

END OF CHART

H=High, L=Low, *=Abnormal, C=Critical

Unless otherwise indicated, testing performed at: