

Client: ARUP Example Report Only
500 Chipeta Way
Salt Lake City, UT 84108
UNITED STATES

Physician: TEST,

Patient: NEG, BOCAPAN

DOB

Sex: Female

Patient Identifiers: 41518

Visit Number (FIN): 41843

Collection Date: 8/16/2022 09:53

Hereditary Breast and Gynecological Cancers Panel, Sequencing and Deletion/Duplication

ARUP test code 2012026

Breast/Ovarian Cancer Panel Spcm	whole Blood
Breast/Ovarian Cancer Panel Interp	<p>Negative</p> <p>INDICATION FOR TESTING Personal and family history of breast cancer.</p> <p>RESULT No pathogenic variants were detected in any of the genes tested.</p> <p>INTERPRETATION According to information provided to ARUP, this individual has a personal and family history of breast cancer. No pathogenic variants were detected in any of the genes tested. This result decreases the likelihood of, but does not exclude, a hereditary cause of breast and/or gynecological cancer. Please refer to the background information included in this report for a list of the genes analyzed, methodology, and limitations of this test.</p> <p>RECOMMENDATIONS Medical screening and management should rely on clinical findings and family history. Genetic consultation is recommended.</p> <p>COMMENTS Likely benign and benign variants are not reported. Variants in the following region(s) may not be detected by NGS with sufficient confidence in this sample due to technical limitations; reportable variants are confirmed by Sanger sequencing: NONE</p> <p>BACKGROUND INFORMATION: Hereditary Breast and Gynecological Cancers Panel, Sequencing and Deletion/Duplication</p> <p>CHARACTERISTICS: Pathogenic germline variants in multiple genes have been implicated in hereditary breast, ovarian, and endometrial cancers. Hereditary cancer predisposition is often characterized by early-onset cancer (typically before age 50) and multiple, multifocal, and/or related cancers in a single individual or in a closely related family member(s). This test includes analysis of several genes associated with hereditary breast and/or gynecological cancer(s) that cause variable phenotypes and cancer risks, including non-breast/gynecological cancers.</p> <p>EPIDEMIOLOGY: Approximately 5-10 percent of breast cancer, 10-15 percent of ovarian cancer, and 5 percent of endometrial cancers are associated with a hereditary cause. Prevalence of pathogenic BRCA1 and BRCA2 variants is estimated at 1 in 40 in the Ashkenazi Jewish population and 1 in 400 in the general population. Lynch syndrome occurs in approximately 1 in 279</p>

H=High, L=Low, *=Abnormal, C=Critical

Unless otherwise indicated, testing performed at:

ARUP LABORATORIES | 800-522-2787 | aruplab.com
500 Chipeta Way, Salt Lake City, UT 84108-1221
Jonathan R. Genzen, MD, PhD, Laboratory Director

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individuals in the general population.

CAUSE: Pathogenic germline variants in genes associated with breast, ovarian, and/or endometrial cancer.

INHERITANCE: Autosomal dominant. Additionally, some genes are also associated with autosomal recessive childhood cancer predisposition or other syndromes.

GENES TESTED: ATM; BARD1; BRCA1*; BRCA2; BRIP1; CDH1*; CHEK2*; DICER1; EPCAM**; MLH1; MSH2; MSH6; NBN; NF1; PALB2; PMS2; PTEN*; RAD51C; RAD51D; RECQL*; SMARCA4; STK11; TP53

* - One or more exons are not covered by sequencing and/or deletion/duplication analysis for the indicated gene; see limitations section below.

** - Deletion/duplication analysis of EPCAM (NM_002354) exon 9 only, sequencing is not available for this gene.

METHODOLOGY: Probe hybridization-based capture of all coding exons and exon-intron junctions of the targeted genes, (including selected PTEN promoter variants), followed by massively parallel sequencing. Sanger sequencing was performed as necessary to fill in regions of low coverage and to confirm reported variants that do not meet acceptable quality metrics. A proprietary bioinformatic algorithm was used to detect large (single exon-level or larger) deletions or duplications in the indicated genes. Large deletions/duplications confirmed using an orthogonal exon-level microarray. Human genome build 19 (Hg 19) was used for data analysis. Testing of selected exons (and exon/intron boundaries) of PMS2, PTEN and MSH2 was performed by bidirectional Sanger sequencing. Deletion/duplication testing of PMS2 was performed by multiplex ligation-dependent probe amplification (MLPA).

ANALYTICAL SENSITIVITY: The analytical sensitivity is approximately 99 percent for single nucleotide variants (SNVs) and greater than 93 percent for insertions/duplications/deletions (indels) from 1-10 base pairs in size. Indels greater than 10 base pairs may be detected, but the analytical sensitivity may be reduced. Deletions of 2 exons or larger are detected with sensitivity greater than 97 percent; single exon deletions are detected with 62 percent sensitivity. Duplications of 3 exons or larger are detected at greater than 83 percent sensitivity. Specificity is greater than 99.9 percent for all variant classes. The analytical sensitivity for MLPA is greater than 99 percent.

LIMITATIONS: A negative result does not exclude a heritable form of cancer. This test only detects variants within the coding regions and intron-exon boundaries of the targeted genes. Deletions/duplications/insertions of any size may not be detected by massively parallel sequencing. Regulatory region variants and deep intronic variants will not be identified. Precise breakpoints for large deletions or duplications are not determined in this assay and single exon deletions/duplications may not be detected based on the breakpoints of the rearrangement. The actual breakpoints for the deletion or duplication may extend beyond or be within the exon(s) reported. This test is not intended to detect duplications of 2 or fewer exons in size, though these may be identified. Single exon deletions are reported but called at a lower sensitivity. Diagnostic errors can occur due to rare sequence variations. In some cases, variants may not be identified due to technical limitations caused by the presence of pseudogenes, repetitive, or homologous regions. This test is not intended to detect low-level mosaic or somatic variants, gene conversion events, complex inversions, translocations, mitochondrial DNA (mtDNA) variants, or repeat expansions. Interpretation of this test

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result may be impacted if this patient has had an allogeneic stem cell transplantation. Noncoding transcripts were not analyzed.

The following regions are not sequenced due to technical limitations of the assay:
BRCA1 (NM_007300) exon 13
CHEK2 (NM_001005735) exon 3
CHEK2 (NM_001349956) exon 4
RECQL (NM_002907) exons 14,15
RECQL (NM_032941) exons 15,16

Deletions/duplications will not be called for the following exons:
BRCA1 (NM_007294, NM_007299, NM_007300) 2; BRCA1 (NM_007298) 1;
CDH1 (NM_001317185) 10; CHEK2 (NM_007194) 11-15; CHEK2 (NM_001005735) 3,12-16; CHEK2 (NM_001257387) 12-16; CHEK2 (NM_001349956) 4,10-14; CHEK2 (NM_145862) 10-14; PTEN (NM_000314, NM_001304718) 9; PTEN (NM_001304717) 1,10; RECQL (NM_002907) 14-15; RECQL (NM_032941) 15-16

This test was developed and its performance characteristics determined by ARUP Laboratories. It has not been cleared or approved by the U.S. Food and Drug Administration. This test was performed in a CLIA-certified laboratory and is intended for clinical purposes.

Counseling and informed consent are recommended for genetic testing. Consent forms are available online.

VERIFIED/REPORTED DATES

Procedure	Accession	Collected	Received	Verified/Reported
Breast/Ovarian Cancer Panel Spem	22-228-103742	8/16/2022 9:53:00 AM	8/16/2022 10:26:01 AM	8/16/2022 10:28:00 AM
Breast/Ovarian Cancer Panel Interp	22-228-103742	8/16/2022 9:53:00 AM	8/16/2022 10:26:01 AM	8/16/2022 10:28:00 AM

END OF CHART

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