

Client: ARUP Example Report Only

500 Chipeta Way

Salt Lake City, UT 84108

UNITED STATES

Physician: EXAMPLE, PHYSICIAN

Patient: Example, Report

DOB 4/26/2023

Sex: Male

Patient Identifiers: 48328 **Visit Number (FIN):** 48681

Collection Date: 4/26/2023 07:32

Myeloid Malignancies Mutation Panel by Next Generation Sequencing

ARUP test code 20	11117	
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Myeloid Malignancy Proposed Diagnosis	Thrombocytosis
Myeloid Malignancies Panel Specimen	Whole Blood
Myeloid Malignancies Panel Interp	See Note Myeloid Malignancies Mutation Panel NGS
	Submitted diagnosis or diagnosis under consideration for variant interpretation: Thrombocytosis
	TIER 1: Variants of Known Clinical Significance in Hematologic Malignancies
	None found
	TIER 2: Variants of Unknown Clinical Significance in Hematologic Malignancies
	None found
	Low coverage regions: Listed below are regions where the average sequencing depth (number of times a particular nucleotide is sequenced) in at least 20% of the region-of-interest is less than our stringent cutoff of 300. Sensitivity for detection of low allelic frequency variants may be reduced in areas with reduced depth of coverage. None

BACKGROUND INFORMATION: Myeloid Malignancies Mutation Panel by Next Generation

Sequencing
CHARACTERISTICS: Myeloid malignancies are clonal disorders of hematopoietic stem and progenitor cells that include myelodysplastic syndromes (MDSS), myeloproliferative neoplasms (MPNS), myelodysplastic/myeloproliferative neoplasms (MDS/MPNS), and acute myeloid leukemia (AML). Recent studies have identified recurrently mutated genes with diagnostic and/or prognostic impact in myeloid malignancies. The presence of certain mutations may inform clinical management. This multigene panel by massively parallel sequencing (next generation sequencing) is a more cost-effective approach when compared to the cost of

a more cost-effective approach when compared to the cost of multiple single gene tests. This test can be used to complement the morphologic and cytogenetic workup of myeloid malignancies.

H=High, L=Low, *=Abnormal, C=Critical



GENES TESTED: ANKRD26; ASXL1; ASXL2; BCOR; BCORL1; BRAF; CALR; CBL; CBLB; CEBPA; CSF3R; CUX1*; DDX41; DNMT1*; DNMT3A; ELANE; ETNK1; ETV6; EZH2; FBXW7; FLT3; GATA1; GATA2; GNAS; HNRNPK; IDH1; IDH2; IL7R; JAK1; JAK2; JAK3; KDM6A*; KIT; KMT2A; KRAS; LUC7L2; MPL; NOTCH1; NPM1*; NRAS; NSD1; PHF6; PIGA; PPM1D; PRPF40B; PRPF8; PTPN11; RAD21; RUNX1; SAMD9; SAMD9L; SETBP1; SF3B1; SH2B3; SMC1A; SMC3; SRSF2; STAG2; STAT3; STAT5B*; SUZ12*; TET2; TP53; U2AF1; U2AF2; UBA1; WT1; ZRSR2.

*One or more exons of the preferred transcript were not covered by sequencing for the indicated gene; see limitations section below.

METHODOLOGY: Genomic DNA was isolated from peripheral blood or bone marrow and then enriched for the targeted exonic regions of the tested genes. The variant status of the targeted genes was determined by massively parallel sequencing. The hg19 (GRCh37) human genome assembly was used as a reference for identifying genetic variants. Clinically significant variants and variants of uncertain significance called in the preferred transcript are reported.

LIMITATIONS: Variants outside the targeted regions or below the limit of detection are not identified. Variants in regions that are not included in the preferred transcript for the targeted genes are not detected. In some cases, variants may not be identified due to technical limitations in the presence of pseudogenes or in repetitive or homologous regions. It is also possible some insertion/deletion variants may not be identified. Benign or likely benign variants in the preferred transcript are

Renign or likely benign variants in the preferred transcrinct reported.
The following regions were not sequenced due to technical limitations of the assay:
CUX1 (NM_181552) exon 24
DNMT1 (NM_001130823) exon 5
KDM6A (NM_001291415) exon 13
NPM1 (NM_002520) exon 1
STAT5B (NM_012448) exons 6-9
SUZ12 (NM_015355) exons 1-9

LIMIT OF DETECTION (LOD): 5 percent variant allele fraction (VAF) for single nucleotide variants (SNV) and small variants less than 24 base pairs (bp). Variants greater than 24bp may be detected at LOD, but the analytical sensitivity may be reduced.

ANALYTICAL SENSITIVITY: The positive percent agreement (PPA) estimate for the respective variant classes (with 95 percent credibility region) are listed below. Genes included on this test are a subset of a larger methods-based validation from which the PPA values are derived. Single nucleotide variants (SNVs): 96.9 percent (95.1-98.1 percent) Insertions/duplications (1-24bp): 98.1 percent (95.5-99.3 Insertions/duplications (greater than 24bp): greater than 99 percent (92.9-100.0 percent)
Deletions (1-24bp): 96.7 percent (92.8-98.7 percent)
Deletions (greater than 24bp): 90 percent (79.5-96.1 percent)
Multinucleotide variants (MNVs): 97 percent (93.0-99.0 percent)
FLT3 ITDs: Greater than 99 percent (97.1-100.0 percent)

CLINICAL DISCLAIMER: Results of this test must always be interpreted within the context of clinical findings and other relevant data and should not be used alone for a diagnosis of malignancy. This test is not intended to detect minimal residual disease.

This test was developed and its performance characteristics determined by ARUP Laboratories. It has not been cleared or approved by the U.S. Food and Drug Administration. This test was performed in a CLIA-certified laboratory and is intended for

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SUZ12 (NM_015355) exons 1-9



clinical purposes.

EER Myeloid Malignancies Panel by NGS

See Note

Authorized individuals can access the ARUP Enhanced Report using the following link:

VERIFIED/REPORTED DATES					
Procedure	Accession	Collected	Received	Verified/Reported	
Myeloid Malignancy Proposed Diagnosis	23-116-100706	4/26/2023 7:32:00 AM	4/26/2023 7:32:34 AM	4/26/2023 9:30:00 AM	
Myeloid Malignancies Panel Specimen	23-116-100706	4/26/2023 7:32:00 AM	4/26/2023 7:32:34 AM	4/26/2023 9:30:00 AM	
Myeloid Malignancies Panel Interp	23-116-100706	4/26/2023 7:32:00 AM	4/26/2023 7:32:34 AM	4/26/2023 9:30:00 AM	
EER Myeloid Malignancies Panel by NGS	23-116-100706	4/26/2023 7:32:00 AM	4/26/2023 7:32:34 AM	4/26/2023 9:30:00 AM	

END OF CHART

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