

Client: Example Client ABC123
123 Test Drive
Salt Lake City, UT 84108
UNITED STATES

Physician: Doctor, Example

Patient: Patient, Example

DOB: 3/10/1977
Gender: Male
Patient Identifiers: 01234567890ABCD, 012345
Visit Number (FIN): 01234567890ABCD
Collection Date: 00/00/0000 00:00

Cardiolipin Antibodies, IgG, IgM, and IgA

ARUP test code 0051162

Cardiolipin Antibody IgG

>150 GPL H (Ref Interval: <=14)

INTERPRETIVE INFORMATION: Anti-Cardiolipin IgG Ab

<=14 GPL: Negative
15-19 GPL: Indeterminate
20-80 GPL: Low to Moderately Positive
81 GPL or above: High Positive

The persistent presence of IgG and/or IgM cardiolipin (CL) antibodies in moderate or high levels (greater than 40 GPL and/or greater than 40 MPL units) is a laboratory criterion for the diagnosis of antiphospholipid syndrome (APS). Persistence is defined as moderate or high levels of IgG and/or IgM CL antibodies detected in two or more specimens drawn at least 12 weeks apart (J Throm Haemost. 2006;4:295-306). Lower positive levels of IgG and/or IgM CL antibodies (above cutoff but less than 40 GPL and/or less than 40 MPL units) may occur in patients with the clinical symptoms of APS; therefore, the actual significance of these levels is undefined. Results should not be used alone for diagnosis and must be interpreted in light of APS-specific clinical manifestations and/or other criteria phospholipid antibody tests.

Cardiolipin Antibody IgM

>150 MPL H (Ref Interval: <=12)

INTERPRETIVE INFORMATION: Anti-Cardiolipin IgM

<=12 MPL: Negative
13-19 MPL: Indeterminate
20-80 MPL: Low to Moderately Positive
81 MPL or above: High Positive

The persistent presence of IgG and/or IgM cardiolipin (CL) antibodies in moderate or high levels (greater than 40 GPL and/or greater than 40 MPL units) is a laboratory criterion for the diagnosis of antiphospholipid syndrome (APS). Persistence is defined as moderate or high levels of IgG and/or IgM CL antibodies detected in two or more specimens drawn at least 12 weeks apart (J Throm Haemost. 2006;4:295-306). Lower positive levels of IgG and/or IgM CL antibodies (above cutoff but less than 40 GPL and/or less than 40 MPL units) may occur in patients with the clinical symptoms of APS; therefore, the actual significance of these levels is undefined. Results should not be used alone for diagnosis and must be interpreted in light of APS-specific clinical manifestations and/or other criteria phospholipid antibody tests.

Cardiolipin Antibody IgA

53 APL H (Ref Interval: <=11)

H=High, L=Low, *=Abnormal, C=Critical

INTERPRETIVE INFORMATION: Cardiolipin Antibodies, IgA

<=11 APL: Negative
12-19 APL: Indeterminate
20-80 APL: Low to Moderately Positive
81 APL or above: High Positive

VERIFIED/REPORTED DATES

Procedure	Accession	Collected	Received	Verified/Reported
Cardiolipin Antibody IgG	23-286-128027	00/00/0000 00:00	00/00/0000 00:00	00/00/0000 00:00
Cardiolipin Antibody IgM	23-286-128027	00/00/0000 00:00	00/00/0000 00:00	00/00/0000 00:00
Cardiolipin Antibody IgA	23-286-128027	00/00/0000 00:00	00/00/0000 00:00	00/00/0000 00:00

END OF CHART

H=High, L=Low, *=Abnormal, C=Critical