

# Hereditary Cancer Panel, Sequencing and Deletion/Duplication, 47 Genes

## Indications for Ordering

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Individuals with

- A clinical diagnosis of a cancer at an earlier age than typical
- A rare form of cancer
- A cancer occurring in an individual of the sex not typically affected
- More than one primary cancer
- Bilateral or multifocal cancer
- A personal or family history suggestive of a hereditary cancer syndrome
  - Cancer diagnosed in numerous family members at an early age

## Test Description

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- Targeted capture followed by parallel sequencing of all exons and intron/exon boundaries of 45 genes (excludes *EPCAM* and *PMS2*)
  - See table for list of genes
- Sanger sequencing and multiplex ligation probe amplification (MLPA) of *PMS2*
- Targeted sequencing of the *CHEK2* c.1100delC variant
- Custom comparative genomic hybridization (CGH) array to detect deletions and/or duplications of 46 genes (excludes *PMS2*)

## Tests to Consider

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### Primary tests

[Cancer Panel, Hereditary, Sequencing and Deletion/Duplication, 47 Genes 2012032](#)

- Confirm diagnosis of a hereditary cancer syndrome with personal or family history consistent with features of more than one cancer syndrome
- Tests for specific genes or components of the hereditary cancer panel may be available individually at ARUP
  - For test availability and further information, see the test directory at [www.aruplab.com/genetics](http://www.aruplab.com/genetics)

## Related test

[Familial Mutation, Targeted Sequencing 2001961](#)

- Useful when a pathogenic familial variant identifiable by sequencing is known

## Disease Overview

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Specific cancer syndromes associated with variants in genes in this panel

- Breast/ovarian
- Central nervous system
- Endocrine
- Endometrial
- Gastrointestinal
- Melanoma
- Pancreatic
- Renal

## Incidence

5-10% of cancers are hereditary

## Symptoms

Highly variable and dependent on the specific gene variant and syndrome involved

## Genetics

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**Genes** – see table

## Inheritance

- Primarily autosomal dominant
  - Affected individual inherits one variant in a tumor suppressor gene and acquires a second variant in the homologous gene during his/her lifetime
  - Affected individual inherits one variant in an oncogene
- Rarely autosomal recessive

## Test Interpretation

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**Clinical sensitivity** – unknown

## Results

- Positive
  - One pathogenic variant detected in a gene with autosomal dominant inheritance
    - Confirms diagnosis of hereditary cancer syndrome
    - 50% chance of passing the variant on to offspring
  - Two pathogenic variants detected on opposite chromosomes in a gene with autosomal recessive inheritance
    - Confirms diagnosis of hereditary cancer syndrome
  - One pathogenic variant detected in a gene with autosomal recessive inheritance
    - Confirms carrier status for a hereditary cancer syndrome
- Negative
  - No pathogenic variants detected
    - Reduces the likelihood of, but does not exclude, a diagnosis of a hereditary cancer syndrome
- Inconclusive
  - Variants of unknown clinical significance may be identified

## Limitations

- Not determined or evaluated
  - Deep intronic and regulatory variants
  - Breakpoints of large deletions/duplications
  - Sequence changes in *EPCAM*
  - Deletions/duplications in
    - *ATM* (exon 12)
    - *BAP1* (exon 1)
    - *BMPR1A* (exon 9)
    - *CDH1* (exon 1)
    - *CHEK2* (exons 11-15), with the exception of the c.1100delC variant
    - *FH* (exons 1, 9)
    - *FLCN* (exon 8)
    - *MSH2* (exon 1)
    - *NF2* (exons 7, 13)
    - *PTEN* (exon 8)
    - *RET* (exon 1)
    - *RAD51D* (exon 1)
    - *SMARCB1* (exon 5)
    - *STK11* (exons 4, 6, 7)
    - *TSC2* (exons 7, 17, 23, 25, 29, 32, 41)
- Small deletions or insertions may not be detected
- Diagnostic errors can occur due to rare sequence variations
- Only genes in the following table will be tested

Gene Symbol	Gene Name	NM #	OMIM #	Inh. <sup>1</sup>	Cancer/Tumor Association
<i>ALK</i>	Anaplastic lymphoma receptor tyrosine kinase	004304	105590	AD	Neuroblastoma, ganglioneuroblastoma, ganglioneuroma
<i>APC</i>	Adenomatous polyposis coli	ex1b:001127511 ex1a15:001127510	611731	AD	Colon, small bowel, medulloblastoma, hepatoblastoma, soft tissue and desmoid tumors, osteomas
<i>ATM</i>	Ataxia telangiectasia mutated (includes complementation groups A, C, and D)	000051	607585	AD	Breast
<i>BAP1</i>	BRCA1 associated protein-1	004656	603089	AD	Mesothelioma, lung adenocarcinoma, meningiomas, cutaneous melanoma, uveal melanoma
<i>BARD1</i>	BRCA1- associated RING domain 1	000465	601593	AD	Breast, neuroblastoma
<i>BMPR1A</i>	Bone morphogenic protein receptor, type 1A	004329	601299	AD	Colon, stomach, upper gastrointestinal (GI)
<i>BRCA1</i>	Breast cancer 1	007294	113705	AD	Breast, ovarian, fallopian, peritoneal, pancreatic, prostate
<i>BRCA2</i>	Breast cancer 2	000059	600185	AD	Breast, ovarian, fallopian, peritoneal, pancreatic, prostate, gallbladder, gastric, melanoma
<i>BRIP1</i>	BRCA1 interacting protein C-terminal, helicase 1	032043	605882	AD	Breast, ovarian
<i>CDH1</i>	Cadherin 1, E-cadherin (epithelial)	004360	192090	AD	Gastric, breast, prostate
<i>CDK4</i>	Cyclin dependent kinase 4	000075	123829	AD	Glioma, sarcoma, melanoma, breast, and colorectal
<i>CDKN1B</i>	Cyclin-dependent kinase inhibitor 1B	004064	600778	AD	Endocrine tumors (MEN1-like)
<i>CDKN2A</i>	Cyclin-dependent kinase inhibitor 2A	000077	600160	AD	Melanoma, pancreatic
<i>CHEK2</i>	CHK2 checkpoint homologue ( <i>S. pombe</i> RAD53)	007194	604373	AD	Breast, colorectal, prostate

Gene Symbol	Gene Name	NM #	OMIM #	Inh. <sup>1</sup>	Cancer/Tumor Association
<i>EPCAM</i> Del/dup	Epithelial cell adhesion molecule	002354	185535	AD	Colorectal, stomach, small bowel, ovarian
<i>FH</i>	Fumarate hydratase	000143	136850	AD	Type 2 papillary renal carcinoma
<i>FLCN</i>	Folliculin	144997	607273	AD	Renal cell carcinoma, fibrofolliculomas
<i>MAX</i>	MYC associated factor X	002382	154950	AD	Pheochromocytoma
<i>MEN1</i>	Multiple endocrine neoplasia 1	130799	613733	AD	Glucagonomas, gastrinomas, VIPomas, thymic, bronchial, gastric, breast
<i>MET</i>	Multiple endocrine neoplasia 1	001127500	164860	AD	Papillary renal carcinoma
<i>MLH1</i>	MutL homologue 1, colon cancer, nonpolyposis type 2 (E. coli)	000249	120436	AD	Ovarian, colon, small intestine, endometrial, bladder, renal pelvis, ureter, hepatobiliary, central nervous system (CNS)
<i>MSH2</i>	MutS homologue 2, colon cancer, nonpolyposis type 1 (E. coli)	000251	609309	AD	Ovarian, colon, small intestine endometrial, bladder, renal pelvis, ureter, hepatobiliary, CNS
<i>MSH6</i>	MutS (E.coli) homologue 6	000179	6006787	AD	Ovarian, colon, small intestine, endometrial, bladder, renal pelvis, ureter, hepatobiliary, CNS
<i>MUTYH</i>	MutY homologue (E.coli)	001128425	604933	AR/AD	Colon (AR), gastric, breast, duodenal, endometrium (AD)
<i>NBN</i>	Nibrin (NBS1)	002485	602667	AD	Breast, ovarian
<i>NF2</i>	Neurofibromatosis 2 protein	000268	607379	AD	Bilateral vestibular schwannomas, meningiomas, ependymomas, astrocytomas
<i>PALB2</i>	Partner and localizer of BRCA2	024675	610335	AD	Breast, pancreatic
<i>PHOX2B</i>	Paired-like homeobox 2B	003924	603851	AD	Neural crest derivative tumors, neuroblastomas, gangliomas
<i>PMS2</i>	Postmeiotic segregation increased 2, yeast homologue	000535	600259	AD	Ovarian, colon, small intestine, endometrial, bladder, renal pelvis, ureter, hepatobiliary, CNS
<i>PTEN</i>	Phosphatase and tensin homolog	000314	601728	AD	Thyroid, breast, renal, endometrial, colorectal, melanoma
<i>RAD51C</i>	RAD51 homolog (S. cerevisiae)	058216	602774	AD	Breast, ovarian
<i>RAD51D</i>	RAD51D homolog D (S. cerevisiae)	002878	602954	AD	Breast, ovarian
<i>RB1</i>	Retinoblastoma	000321	604041	AD	Retinoblastoma, pinealoblastoma, sarcomas, melanoma
<i>RET</i>	Ret proto-oncogene	020975	164761	AD	Medullary thyroid carcinoma, pheochromocytoma, parathyroid adenoma
<i>SDHAF2</i>	Succinate dehydrogenase complex assembly factor 2	017841	613019	AD	Paraganglioma, pheochromocytoma
<i>SDHB</i>	Succinate dehydrogenase complex, subunit B, iron sulphur	003000	185470	AD	Paraganglioma, pheochromocytoma, papillary thyroid, renal cell carcinoma, GI stromal, neuroblastoma, renal cell carcinoma
<i>SDHC</i>	Succinate dehydrogenase complex, subunit C, integral membrane protein	003001	602413	AD	Paraganglioma, pheochromocytoma, GI stromal tumors
<i>SDHD</i>	Succinate dehydrogenase complex, subunit D, integral membrane protein	003002	602690	AD <sup>2</sup>	Paraganglioma, pheochromocytoma
<i>SMAD4</i>	SMAD, mothers against DPP homologue 4	005359	600993	AD	Colon, stomach, upper GI
<i>SMARCB1</i>	SWI/SNF related, matrix associated, actin dependent regulator of chromatin, subfamily b, member 1	003073	601607	AD	Renal, extra renal, medullary thyroid, choroid plexus, medulloblastoma, central primitive neuroectodermal, schwannomatosis, meningiomas
<i>STK11</i>	Serine/threonine kinase 11 (LKB1)	000455	602216	AD	Colon, pancreatic, breast, ovarian
<i>SUFU</i>	Suppressor of fused homologue	016169	607035	AD	Medulloblastoma, desmoplastic melanoma, meningioma
<i>TMEM127</i>	Transmembrane protein 127	017849	613403	AD	Paraganglioma, pheochromocytoma

Gene Symbol	Gene Name	NM #	OMIM #	Inh. <sup>1</sup>	Cancer/Tumor Association
<i>TP53</i>	Tumor protein 53	000546	191170	AD	Breast, ovarian, brain, adrenocortical, soft tissue sarcomas, leukemia, hepatocellular
<i>TSC1</i>	Tuberous sclerosis 1	000368	605284	AD	Renal cell carcinoma, angiomyolipoma
<i>TSC2</i>	Tuberous sclerosis 2	000548	191092	AD	Renal cell carcinoma, angiomyolipoma
<i>VHL</i>	von Hippel Lindau syndrome	000551	608537	AD	Renal cell carcinoma, hemangioblastoma, pheochromocytoma, neuroendocrine tumors

<sup>1</sup>Inh. = inheritance; AD = autosomal dominant; AR = autosomal recessive

<sup>2</sup>Parent of origin