

# Hearing Loss

## Indications for Ordering

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Confirm diagnosis or determine etiology of nonsyndromic (NSHL) or syndromic hearing loss

## Test Description

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Expanded Hearing Loss Panel, Sequencing and Deletion/Duplication

- Targeted capture of all coding exons and exon-intron junctions followed by massively parallel sequencing of all genes listed in table below
  - Sanger sequencing is used to provide data for bases with insufficient coverage
  - All clinically significant variants are confirmed by independent Sanger sequencing
- Tiled custom comparative genomic hybridization array detects large deletions or duplications within all genes listed in table below except *ESPN*, *OTOA*, and *STRC*

*GJB2* (connexin 26) sequencing

- Bidirectional sequencing of entire coding region, exon/intron boundaries, and 5'-UTR

*GJB6* (connexin 30) – two deletions

- Multiplex polymerase chain reaction (PCR) with deletion-specific primers followed by capillary gel electrophoresis
- Targets two variants
  - 309kb deletion (previously known as 342kb)
  - 232kb deletion

Mitochondrial DNA (mtDNA) – two variants

- Targeted bidirectional sequencing for two mitochondrial DNA variants
  - mt-RNR1, m.1555A>G
  - mt-TS1, m.7445A>G

## Tests to Consider

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### Primary tests

[Expanded Hearing Loss Panel, Sequencing and Deletion/Duplication 2008803](#)

- Most comprehensive genetic test for NSHL and syndromic hearing loss
- Recommended test for NSHL if *GJB2*, *GJB6*, and mitochondrial variant testing is negative
- Recommended test for syndromic hearing loss if symptoms are consistent with disorders included on the panel

[Hearing Loss, Nonsyndromic Panel \(\*GJB2\*\) Sequencing, \(\*GJB6\*\) 2 Deletions and Mitochondrial DNA 2 Mutations 2001992](#)

- First-tier genetic test for individuals with NSHL

[Connexin 26 \(\*GJB2\*\), Sequencing 0051374](#)

- Diagnostic test or carrier screening for *GJB2*-related NSHL
- May be used as first-tier genetic test for individuals with NSHL

[Hearing Loss, Nonsyndromic, Connexin 30 \(\*GJB6\*\) 2 Deletions 2001956](#)

- Diagnostic test for individuals with NSHL and one identified *GJB2* variant
- Carrier screening if family history of *GJB6* deletion or for reproductive partner of individual with *GJB6* or *GJB2* variants

[Hearing Loss, Nonsyndromic, Mitochondrial DNA 2 Mutations 2002044](#)

- Diagnostic test for individuals with NSHL and no identified variants in *GJB2* or *GJB6*
- Carrier screening if family history of m.1555A>G or m.7445A>G

### Related tests

[Familial Mutation, Targeted Sequencing 2001961](#)

- Useful when a pathogenic familial variant identifiable by sequencing is known

## Disease Overview

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### Prevalence and/or incidence

- 1/500 born with hearing loss
  - Due to genetic cause – 50%
- 1/2,600 – NSHL
  - Homozygous for *GJB2* variants – 50%
  - Compound heterozygous for *GJB2* variant and *GJB6* deletion – 2-4%
  - Homozygous for *GJB6* deletions – rare
  - Mitochondrial variants – 1-2%

## Symptoms – see table for related disorders and phenotypes

- Hearing loss may be
  - Prelingual or postlingual onset
  - Syndromic (associated with other findings) or nonsyndromic
  - Sensorineural, conductive, or mixed etiology
  - Autosomal recessive, autosomal dominant, X-linked, or multifactorial/environmental
  - Variable presentation based on genetic and environmental cause(s) of the hearing loss
- Hearing loss associated with *GJB2* (connexin 26) or *GJB6* (connexin 30) variants – bilateral and stable with prelingual onset
- Hearing loss and other manifestations associated with mitochondrial (mtDNA) variants vary in severity and age of onset
  - m.1555A>G – stable, severe to profound hearing loss with variable age of onset, predisposition to aminoglycoside ototoxicity
  - m.7445A>G – palmoplantar keratoderma and progressive, mild to severe hearing loss of childhood onset

## Genetics

**Genes** – see table for gene-specific information

### Variants

- *GJB2* c.35delG – most common *GJB2* pathogenic variant in persons of Northern European ancestry
- *GJB6* – hearing loss results from either two *GJB6* deletions (rare) or one *GJB6* deletion and one *GJB2* variant on the opposite chromosome

## Test Interpretation

**Clinical sensitivity** – depends on disorder

- Hearing Loss, Nonsyndromic Panel (*GJB2*) Sequencing, (*GJB6*) 2 Deletions and Mitochondrial DNA 2 Mutations
  - 50-55% for Caucasians with NSHL; unknown in other ethnicities
- Connexin 26 (*GJB2*) Sequencing
  - 95% of *GJB2* pathogenic variants are detected

## Results

- Positive
  - One pathogenic variant detected in an autosomal dominant (AD) gene
    - Causative for hearing loss
  - One pathogenic variant detected in an autosomal recessive (AR) gene
    - Individual is a carrier of AR hearing loss
  - One pathogenic variant detected in an X-linked gene
    - Causative for hearing loss in males
    - Females are carriers
  - Two pathogenic variants detected in AR gene
    - Causative for hearing loss
  - mtDNA variant present – may cause NSHL
- Negative
  - No causative variants identified
    - Cause of hearing loss unknown, refer to limitations
- Inconclusive
  - Variant(s) of uncertain clinical significance
    - Unable to determine if detected variants are benign or pathogenic
    - Definitive cause of hearing loss unknown

## Limitations

- A negative result does not exclude a diagnosis of hereditary hearing loss
- Not determined or evaluated
  - Regulatory region variants
  - Deep intronic variants
  - Variants in genes not targeted
- Diagnostic errors can occur due to rare sequence variations
- Large deletions or duplications are not detected in *ESPN*, *OTOA*, and *STRC* genes, or in exon 5 of *DNMT1* gene or exon 18 of *DIAPH1* gene
- Small deletions or insertions may not be detected by massively parallel sequencing
- Due to the high homology with pseudogenes some of the functional gene variants in the following genes may be missed
  - *ADGRV1*
  - *DSPP*
  - *ESPN*
  - *KCNQ4*
  - *MYO15A*
  - *STRC*
  - *TRIOBP*
  - *WSF1*
- In some cases, variants may not be identified due to technical limitations in the presence of pseudogenes, repetitive, or homologous regions

Gene Symbol	Gene Name	Locus	NM #	OMIM #	Inh.	Associated Phenotype or Syndrome
<i>ACTG1</i>	Actin, gamma 1	DFNA20/DFNA26	001614	102560	AD	Progressive sensorineural NSHL
<i>ADGRV1</i>	Adhesion G protein-coupled receptor V1	USH2C	032119	602851	AR	Usher syndrome type 2; familial febrile seizures
<i>CCDC50</i>	Coiled-coil domain containing 50	DFNA44	178335	611051	AD	Progressive sensorineural NSHL

Gene Symbol	Gene Name	Locus	NM #	OMIM #	Inh.	Associated Phenotype or Syndrome
<i>CDH23</i>	Cadherin related 23	DFNB12/USH1D	022124	605516	AR	Stable NSHL; Usher syndrome type 1
<i>CEACAM16</i>	Carcinoembryonic antigen-related cell adhesion molecule 16	DFNA4B	001039213	614591	AD	Progressive sensorineural NSHL
<i>CLDN14</i>	Claudin 14	DFNB29	012130	605608	AR	Stable sensorineural NSHL
<i>CLRN1</i>	Clarin 1; Usher syndrome type-3 protein	USH3A	174878	606397	AR	Retinitis pigmentosa, Usher syndrome type 3
<i>COCH</i>	Coagulation factor C homolog, cochlin	DFNA9	004086	603196	AD	Postlingual, progressive sensorineural NSHL with or without vestibular involvement
<i>COL11A2</i>	Collagen, type XI, alpha 2	DFNA13	080680	120290	AD	Sensorineural NSHL; Stickler syndrome type 3, Weissenbacher-Zweymuller syndrome
		DFNB53			AR	Sensorineural NSHL; otospondyloomegaepiphyseal dysplasia (OSMED syndrome)
<i>CRYM</i>	Crystallin, mu	DFNA40	001888	123740	AD	Sensorineural NSHL
<i>DFNA5</i>	Deafness, autosomal dominant 5	DFNA5	004403	608798	AD	Progressive sensorineural NSHL
<i>DFNB59</i>	Deafness, autosomal recessive 59	DFNB59	001042702	610219	AR	Sensorineural NSHL
<i>DIAPH1</i>	Diaphanous related formin 1	DFNA1	005219	602121	AD	Progressive sensorineural NSHL, with or without thrombocytopenia
<i>DNMT1</i>	DNA (cytosine-5-)-methyltransferase 1		001130823	126375	AD	Hereditary sensory neuropathy type IE (HSNIE)/ <i>DNMT1</i> -related dementia, deafness, and sensory neuropathy
<i>DSPP</i>	Dentin sialophosphoprotein	DFNA39	014208	125485	AD	Progressive NSHL, dentinogenesis imperfecta
<i>ESPN</i>	Espin	DFNB36	031475	606351	AR	Sensorineural NSHL with or without vestibular involvement
					AD	Sensorineural NSHL without vestibular involvement
<i>ESRRB</i>	Estrogen-related receptor beta	DFNB35	004452	602167	AR	Sensorineural NSHL
<i>EYA4</i>	Eyes absent homolog 4 ( <i>Drosophila</i> )	DFNA10	004100	603550	AD	Progressive sensorineural NSHL; dilated cardiomyopathy type 1J
<i>GJB2</i> (connexin 26)	Gap junction protein, beta 2, 26kDa	DFNA3	004004	121011	AD	Progressive sensorineural NSHL; keratitis-ichthyosis-deafness (KID) syndrome; Hystrix-like ichthyosis-deafness (HID) syndrome; Vohwinkel syndrome; Bart-Pumphrey syndrome
		DFNB1			AR	Stable sensorineural NSHL
<i>GJB3</i>	Gap junction protein, beta 3, 31kDa	DFNA2B	024009	603324	AD	Progressive sensorineural NSHL; erythrokeratoderma variabilis
<i>GJB6</i> (connexin 30)	Gap junction protein, beta 6, 30kDa	DFNA3	006783	604418	AD	Progressive sensorineural NSHL; Hidrotic ectodermal dysplasia type 2/Clouston syndrome; KID syndrome
		DFNB1			AR	Stable sensorineural NSHL
<i>GPSM2</i>	G-protein signaling modulator 2	DFNB32/DFNB82	013296	609245	AR	Chudley-McCullough syndrome
<i>GRHL2</i>	Grainyhead-like 2 ( <i>Drosophila</i> )	DFNA28	024915	608576	AD	Progressive, postlingual sensorineural hearing loss
<i>HARS2</i>	Histidyl-tRNA synthetase 2, mitochondrial		012208	600783	AR	Perrault syndrome type 2
<i>HSD17B4</i>	Hydroxysteroid (17-beta) dehydrogenase 4		001199291	601860	AR	Perrault syndrome type 1, D-bifunctional protein deficiency
<i>KCNQ4</i>	Potassium voltage-gated channel, KQT-like subfamily, member 4	DFNA2	004700	603537	AD	Progressive sensorineural NSHL
<i>LHFPL5</i>	Lipoma HMGIC fusion partner-like 5	DFNB67	182548	609427	AR	Stable NSHL

Gene Symbol	Gene Name	Locus	NM #	OMIM #	Inh.	Associated Phenotype or Syndrome
<i>MARVELD2</i>	MARVEL domain containing 2	DFNB49	001038603	610572	AR	Stable NSHL
<i>MASP1</i>	Mannan-binding lectin serine peptidase 1		001879	600521	AR	3MC syndrome 1
<i>MYH14</i>	Myosin heavy chain 14	DFNA4A	024729	608568	AD	Progressive sensorineural NSHL; peripheral neuropathy, myopathy, hoarseness, and hearing loss
<i>MYH9</i>	Myosin, heavy chain 9, nonmuscle	DFNA17	002473	160775	AD	Progressive sensorineural NSHL; <i>MYH9</i> -related syndromes (Epstein syndrome, Fechtner syndrome, May-Hegglin anomaly, and Sebastian syndrome)
<i>MYO15A</i>	Myosin XVA	DFNB3	016239	602666	AR	Sensorineural NSHL
<i>MYO1A</i>	Myosin IA	DFNA48	005379	601478	AD	Progressive NSHL
<i>MYO3A</i>	Myosin IIIA	DFNB30	017433	606808	AR	Progressive NSHL
<i>MYO6</i>	Myosin VI	DFNA22	004999	600970	AD	Progressive sensorineural NSHL
		DFNB37			AR	NSHL
<i>MYO7A</i>	Myosin VIIA	DFNA11	000260	276903	AD	Progressive sensorineural NSHL
		DFNB2/USH1B			AR	Sensorineural NSHL; Usher syndrome type 1
<i>OTOA</i>	Otoancorin	DFNB22	144672	607038	AR	Stable sensorineural NSHL
<i>OTOF</i>	Otoferlin	DFNB9	194248	603681	AR	Stable sensorineural NSHL; nonsyndromic auditory neuropathy (NSAN)
<i>PCDH15</i>	Protocadherin related 15	DFNB23/USH1F	033056	605514	AR	Stable sensorineural NSHL; Usher syndrome type 1
<i>POU4F3</i>	POU class 4 homeobox 3	DFNA15	002700	602460	AD	Progressive sensorineural NSHL
<i>RDX</i>	Radixin	DFNB24	002906	179410	AR	Stable sensorineural NSHL
<i>SLC26A4</i>	Solute carrier family 26, member 4	DFNB4	000441	605646	AR	Stable or progressive NSHL with enlarged vestibular aqueduct; Pendred syndrome
<i>SLC26A5</i>	Solute carrier family 26, member 5	DFNB61	198999	604943	AR	Stable sensorineural NSHL
<i>SMPX</i>	Small muscle protein, X-linked	DFNX4 (DFN6)	014332	300226	XL	Progressive sensorineural hearing loss
<i>STRC</i>	Stereocilin	DFNB16	153700	606440	AR	Stable sensorineural NSHL
<i>TECTA</i>	Tectorin alpha	DFNA8/DFNA12	005422	602574	AD	Sensorineural NSHL
		DFNB21			AR	Sensorineural NSHL
<i>TMC1</i>	Transmembrane channel-like 1	DFNA36	138691	606706	AD	Progressive NSHL
		DFNB7/DFNB11			AR	Stable sensorineural NSHL
<i>TMIE</i>	Transmembrane inner ear	DFNB6	147196	607237	AR	Stable sensorineural NSHL
<i>TMPRSS3</i>	Transmembrane protease, serine 3	DFNB8/DFNB10	024022	605511	AR	Sensorineural NSHL
<i>TPRN</i>	Taperin	DFNB79	001128228	613354	AR	Progressive sensorineural NSHL
<i>TRIOBP</i>	TRIO and F-actin binding protein	DFNB28	001039141	609761	AR	Stable sensorineural NSHL
<i>USH1C</i>	Usher syndrome 1C	DFNB18	153676	605242	AR	Stable sensorineural NSHL; Usher syndrome type 1
<i>USH1G</i>	Usher syndrome 1G		173477	607696	AR	Usher syndrome type 1
<i>USH2A</i>	Usher syndrome 2A		206933	608440	AR	Usher syndrome type 2; retinitis pigmentosa
<i>WFS1</i>	Wolfram syndrome 1 (wolframin)	DFNA6/DFNA14/DFNA38	006005	606201	AD	Progressive sensorineural NSHL, Wolfram-like syndrome
					AR	Wolfram syndrome
<i>WHRN</i>	Whirlin	DFNB31/USH2D	015404	607928	AR	Sensorineural NSHL; Usher syndrome type 2

AD, autosomal dominant; AR, autosomal recessive; Inh., inheritance; XL, X-linked